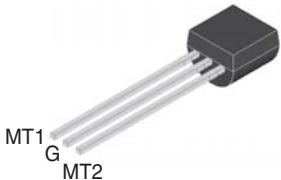
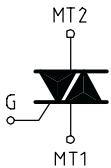


LOGIC LEVEL TRIAC

| | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| TO92 (Plastic)   | On-State Current 1 Amp | Gate Trigger Current < 10 mA |
| Off-State Voltage 200 V ÷ 600 V | | |

This series of **TRIACs** uses a high performance PNPN technology.
These parts are intended for general purpose AC switching applications with highly inductive loads.

Absolute Maximum Ratings, according to IEC publication No. 134

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | Value | Unit |
|--------------|---|---|-------------|------------------------|
| $I_{T(RMS)}$ | RMS On-state Current (full sine wave) | All Conduction Angle, $T_c = 95^\circ C$ | 1 | A |
| I_{TSM} | Non-repetitive On-State Current | Full Cycle, 60 Hz ($t = 16.7 \text{ ms}$) | 8.5 | A |
| I_{TSM} | Non-repetitive On-State Current | Full Cycle, 50 Hz ($t = 20 \text{ ms}$) | 8 | A |
| I^2t | Fusing Current | $t_p = 10\text{ms}$, Half Cycle | 0.32 | A^2s |
| I_{GM} | Peak Gate Current | $20 \mu\text{s}$ max. $T_j = 125^\circ C$ | 1 | A |
| $P_{G(AV)}$ | Average Gate Power Dissipation | $T_j = 125^\circ C$ | 0.1 | W |
| dI/dt | Critical rate of rise of On-State current | $I_G = 2x I_{GT}$, $t_r \leq 100\text{ns}$ $f = 120 \text{ Hz}$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$ | 20 | $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| T_j | Operating Temperature | | (-40 + 125) | °C |
| T_{stg} | Storage Temperature | | (-40 + 150) | °C |
| T_{sld} | Soldering Temperature | 10s max. | 260 | °C |

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | VOLTAGE | | | Unit |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----|-----|------|
| | | B | D | M | |
| V_{DRM} | Repetitive Peak Off State Voltage | 200 | 400 | 600 | V |
| V_{RRM} | | | | | |

LOGIC LEVEL TRIAC

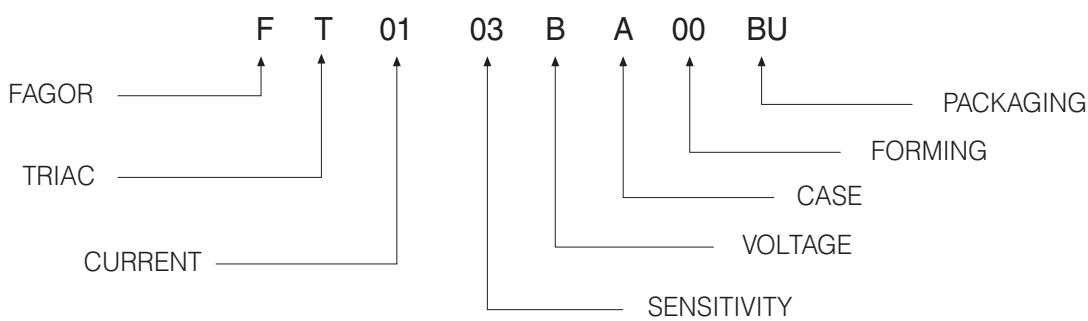
Electrical Characteristics

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | Quadrant | SENSITIVITY | | | | Unit | |
|-------------------|--|--|----------|-------------|------|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | 03 | 05 | 07 | 09 | | |
| $I_{GT}^{(1)}$ | Gate Trigger Current | $V_D = 12 \text{ V}_{DC}, R_L = 33\Omega, T_j = 25^\circ C$ | Q1÷Q3 | MAX | 3 | 5 | 5 | 10 | mA |
| | | | Q4 | MAX | 5 | 5 | 7 | 10 | mA |
| V_{GT} | Gate Trigger Voltage | $V_D = 12 \text{ V}_{DC}, R_L = 33\Omega, T_j = 25^\circ C$ | Q1÷Q3 | MAX | 1.3 | | | V | |
| | | | Q1÷Q4 | MAX | 1.3 | | | | |
| V_{GD} | Gate Non Trigger Voltage | $V_D = V_{DRM}, R_L = 3.3k\Omega, T_j = 125^\circ C$ | Q1÷Q3 | MIN | 0.2 | | | V | |
| | | | Q1÷Q4 | MIN | 0.2 | | | V | |
| $I_H^{(2)}$ | Holding Current | $I_T = 100 \text{ mA}, \text{Gate open}, T_j = 25^\circ C$ | | MAX | 7 | 10 | 10 | 20 | mA |
| I_L | Latching Current | $I_G = 1.2 I_{GT}, T_j = 25^\circ C$ | Q1,Q3 | MAX | 7 | 10 | 10 | 20 | mA |
| | | | Q1,Q3,Q4 | MAX | | | | | mA |
| $dV/dt^{(2)}$ | Critical Rate of Voltage Rise | $V_D = 0.67 \times V_{DRM}, \text{Gate open}$ $T_j = 125^\circ C$ | | MIN | 10 | 20 | 20 | 50 | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| $(dI/dt)c^{(2)}$ | Critical Rate of Current Rise | $(dV/dt)c = 0.1 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s} \quad T_j = 125^\circ C$ | | MIN | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.5 | A/ms |
| | | $(dV/dt)c = 10 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s} \quad T_j = 125^\circ C$ | | MIN | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.5 | A/ms |
| | | without snubber $T_j = 125^\circ C$ | | MIN | | | | | |
| $V_{TM}^{(2)}$ | On-state Voltage | $I_T = 1.1 \text{ Amp}, t_p = 380 \mu\text{s}, T_j = 25^\circ C$ | | MAX | 1.5 | | | V | |
| $V_{t(o)}^{(2)}$ | Threshold Voltage | $T_j = 125^\circ C$ | | MAX | 0.95 | | | | |
| $r_d^{(2)}$ | Dynamic resistance | $T_j = 125^\circ C$ | | MAX | 1000 | | | $\text{m}\Omega$ | |
| I_{DRM}/I_{RRM} | Off-State Leakage Current | $V_D = V_{DRM}, T_j = 125^\circ C$ | | MAX | 0.5 | | | mA | |
| | | $V_R = V_{RRM}, T_j = 25^\circ C$ | | MAX | 5 | | | μA | |
| $R_{th(j-c)}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction-Case | for AC 360° conduction angle | | | 80 | | | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | |
| $R_{th(j-a)}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient | $S = 1\text{cm}^2$ | | | 150 | | | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | |

(1) Minimum I_{GT} is guaranteed at 5% of I_{GT} max.

(2) For either polarity of electrode MT2 voltage with reference to electrode MT1.

PART NUMBER INFORMATION



LOGIC LEVEL TRIAC

Fig. 1: Maximum power dissipation versus RMS on-state current (full cycle)

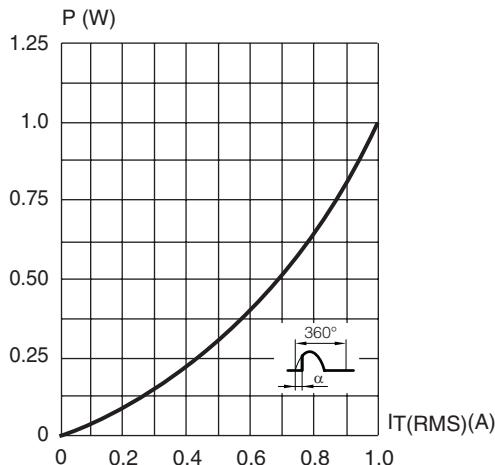


Fig. 2: RMS on-state current versus case temperature (full cycle).

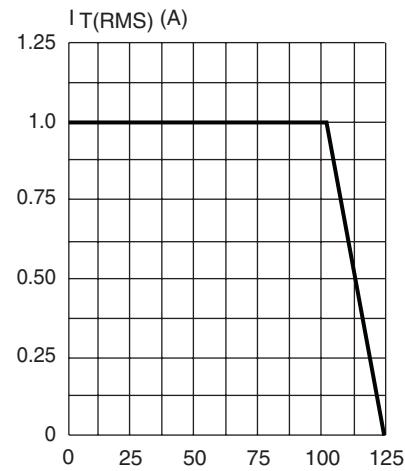
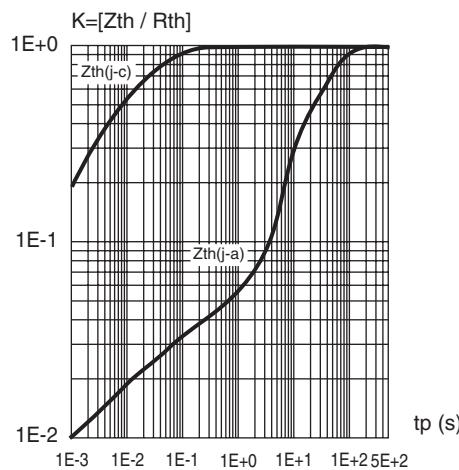


Fig. 3: Relative variation of thermal impedance versus pulse duration.



t_p (s) Fig. 5: Surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles

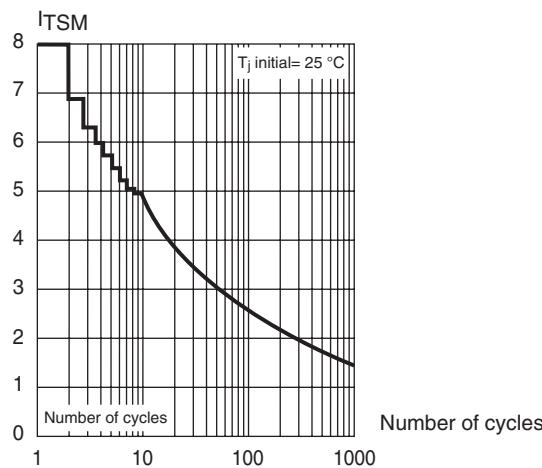


Fig. 4: On-state characteristics (maximum values)

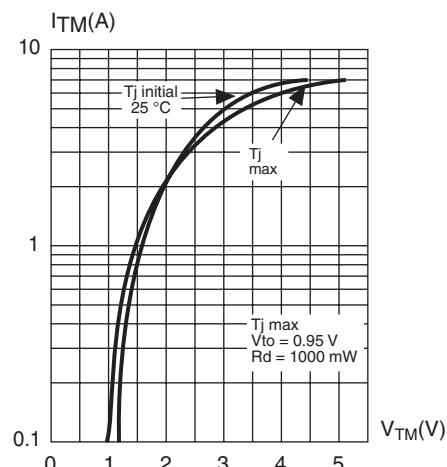
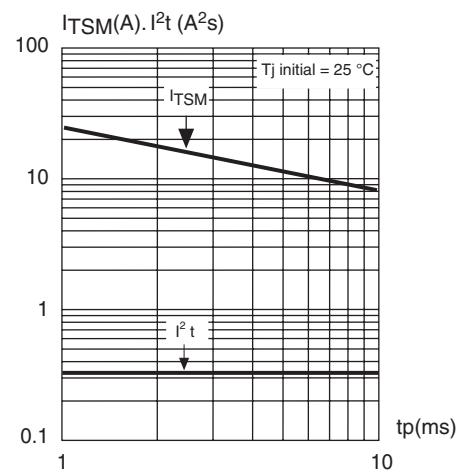


Fig. 6: Non-repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width $t_p < 10\text{ms}$, and corresponding value of I^2t .



LOGIC LEVEL TRIAC

Fig. 7: Relative variation of gate trigger current, holding current and latching versus junction temperature (typical values)

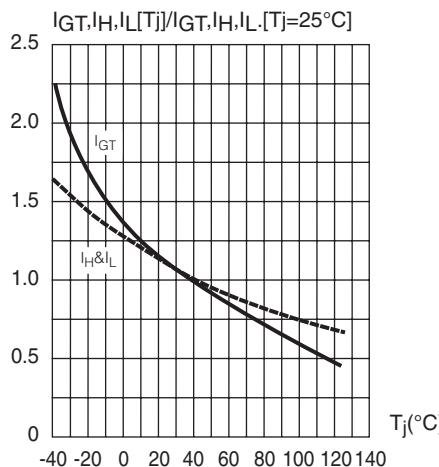


Fig. 8: Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus junction temperature

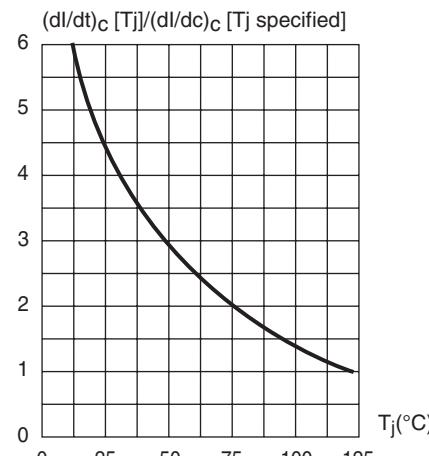
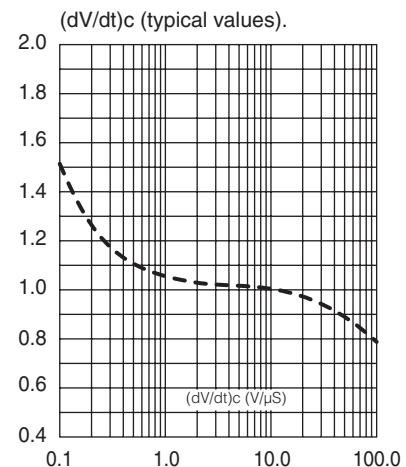
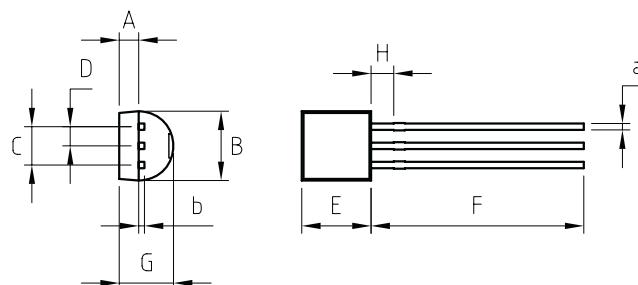


Fig. 9: Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

TO92

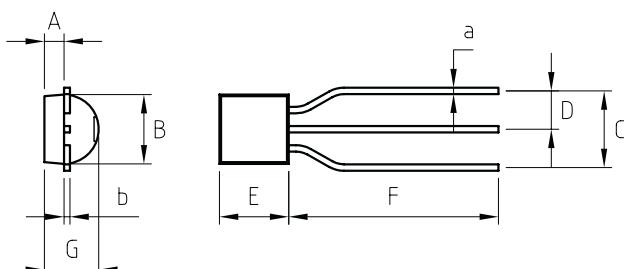


| REF. | DIMENSIONS | | |
|------|------------|-------|-------|
| | Milimeters | | |
| | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
| A | 0.90 | 1.20 | 1.50 |
| B | 4.40 | 4.60 | 4.80 |
| C | 2.34 | 2.54 | 2.74 |
| D | 1.07 | 1.27 | 1.47 |
| E | 4.40 | 4.60 | 4.80 |
| F | 12.70 | 14.10 | 15.50 |
| G | 3.40 | 3.60 | 3.86 |
| H | 1.30 | 1.50 | 1.70 |
| a | 0.38 | 0.44 | 0.51 |
| b | 0.33 | 0.41 | 0.51 |

Marking: type number
Weight: 0.2 g

PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

TO92 (FOR TAPE & REEL)



| REF. | DIMENSIONS | | |
|------|------------|-------|-------|
| | Milimeters | | |
| | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
| A | 0.90 | 1.20 | 1.50 |
| B | 4.40 | 4.60 | 4.80 |
| C | 4.96 | 5.08 | 5.20 |
| D | 2.42 | 2.54 | 2.66 |
| E | 4.40 | 4.60 | 4.80 |
| F | 12.70 | 14.10 | 15.50 |
| G | 3.40 | 3.60 | 3.86 |
| a | 0.38 | 0.44 | 0.51 |
| b | 0.33 | 0.41 | 0.51 |

Marking: type number
Weight: 0.2 g

Jan - 08