DISPLAY Elektronik GmbH

DATA SHEET

LCD MODULE

DEM 128064I SBH-PW-N

Product Specification

Version: 1

GENERAL SPECIFICATION

MODULE NO.:

DEM 128064I SBH-PW-N

CUSTOMER P/N:

Version NO.	Change Description	Date
0	Original Version	23.12.2008
1	Update B/L Voltage And Drawing Remark	09.01.2009

PREPARED BY: XYP DATE: 09.01.2009

APPROVED BY: MH DATE: 09.01.2009

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1. FUNCTIONS & FEATURES

MODULE NAME	LCD Type
DEM 128064I SBH-PW-N	STN-BLUE Transmissive Negative Mode

• Viewing Direction : 6 o'clock

• Driving Scheme : 1/65Duty Cycle, 1/9 Bias

• Power Supply Voltage : 3.3 Volt (typ.)

• LCD Operation Voltage (V0-V_{SS}) : 9.0 Volt (typ.)

• Driver IC : ST7565P (Sitronix)

• Display Format : 128 x 64 Dots, COG

• Interface : Parallel & Serial

• Operating Temperature : -20° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C

• Storage Temperature : -30°C to +80°C

• Backlight : LED, White, Lightguide, Long-Lifetime

2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

• Module Size : 55.20 x 39.80 x 5.00 mm (without FPC)

• View Area : 45.20 x 27.00 mm

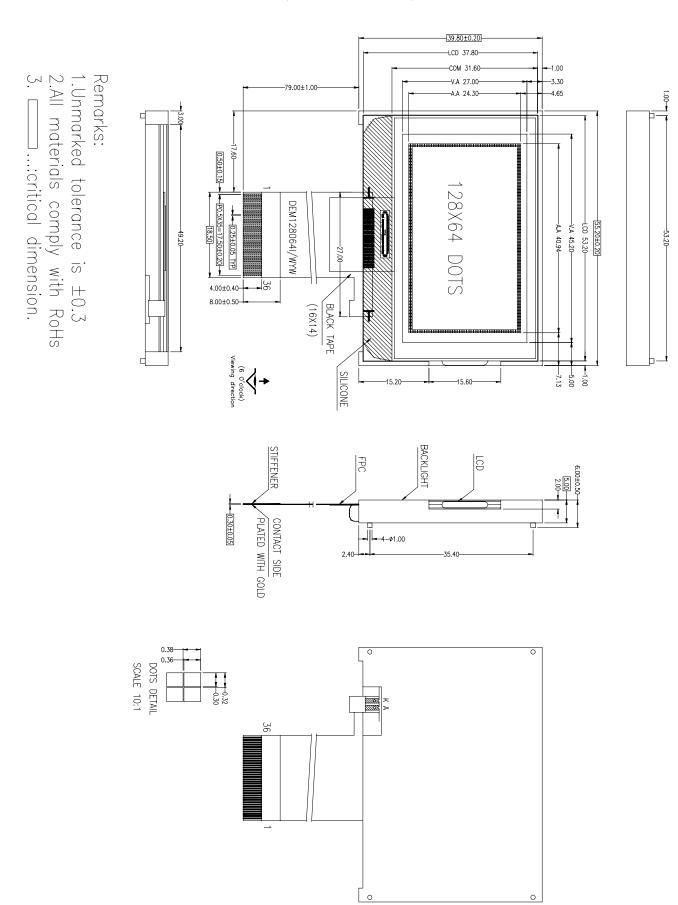
• Active Area : 40.94 x 24.30 mm

• Dot Size : 0.30 x 0.36 mm

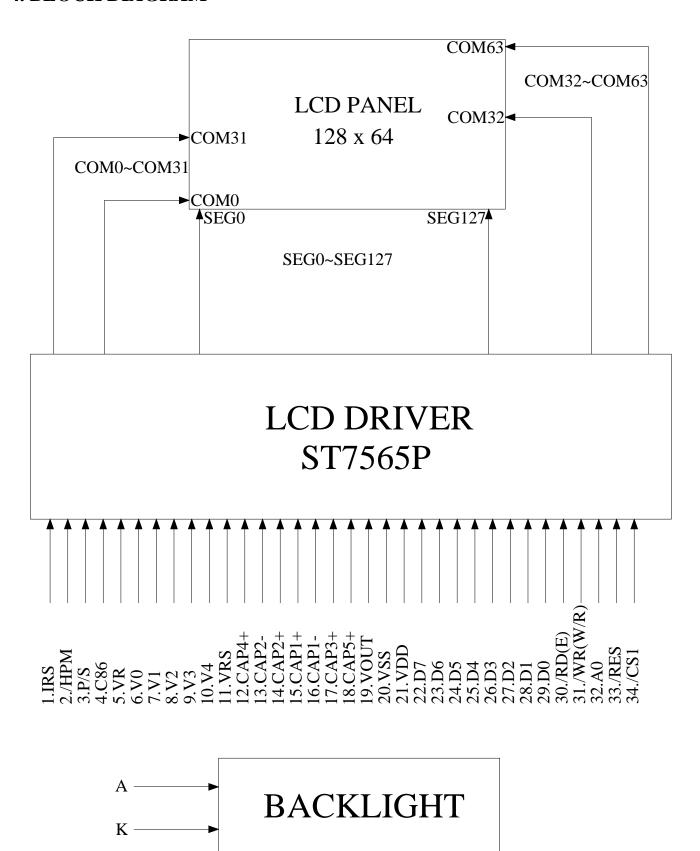
• Dot Pitch : 0.32 x 0.38 mm

● Dot Gap : 0.02 mm

3. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS (🕮 unit: mm)



4. BLOCK DIAGRAM



5. PIN ASSIGNMENT

Pin No.	Name	Description								
		This terminal selects the resistors for the V0 voltage level adjustment.								
1	IRS	IRS = "H": Use the internal resistors								
	1112	IRS = "L": Do not use the internal resistors. The V0 voltage level is								
		regulated by an external resistive voltage divider attached to the VR terminal								
2	/HPM	This is the power control terminal for the power supply circuit for liquid crystal drive. /HPM = "H": Normal mode								
2	/HPM = "H": Normal mode /HPM = "L": High power mode									
		This pin configures the interface to be parallel mode or serial mode.								
		P/S = "H": Parallel data input/output.								
3	P/S	P/S = "L": Serial data input.								
		When P/S = "L", D0 to D5 must be fixed to "H"./RD (E) and /WR (R/W) are fixed to								
		either "H" or "L".								
4	C86	This is the MPU interface selection pin. C86 = "H": 6800 Series MPU interface.								
4	C80	C86 = "L": 8080 Series MPU interface.								
		Output voltage regulator terminal. Provides the voltage between VSS and V0 through a								
5	VR	resistive voltage divider.								
3	VK	IRS = "L": the V0 voltage regulator internal resistors are not used.								
		IRS = "H": the V0 voltage regulator internal resistors are used.								
6	V0	This is multi-level power supply for liquid crystal drive.								
	,,,	Voltage levels are determined based on VDD, and must maintain the relative magnitudes								
7	V1	show below. V0>=V1>=V2>=V3>=V4>=VSS								
	V 1	Master operation when the power supply turns on, the internal power supply circuits								
8	V2	produce V1 to V4 voltage shown below. The voltage setting are selected using the LCD								
0	V 2	bias set command.								
	1/2	1/65 DUTY 1/49 DUTY 1/33 DUTY 1/55 DUTY 1/53 DUTY								
9	V3	\[\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c								
1.0	7.7.4	V2 /// V0,3// V0 0/8 V0,4/0 V0 4/0 V0,3/3 V0 0/8 V0,4/0 V0 0/8 V0,4/0 V0 0/8 V0,4/0 V0 0/8 V0,2/6*V0 2/8*V0,2/6*V0 2/8*V0,2/6*V0 0/8 V0,2/6*V0 0/8 V0,2/6*V0 0/8 V0,2/6*V0 0/8 V0,4/0 V0 0/8 V0,4/0								
10	V4	V4 1/9*V0,1/7*V0 1/8*V0,1/6*V0 1/6*V0,1/5*V0 1/8*V0,1/6*V0 1/8*V0,1/6*V0								
1.1	MDC	This is the internal-output VREG power supply for the LCD power supply voltage								
11	VRS	regulator.								
12	CAP4+	DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP2-								
12	CAF4+	terminal.								
13	CAP2-	DC/DC voltage converter. Connects a capacitor between this terminal and CAP2+								
		terminal. DC/DC voltage converter Connects a conscitor between this terminal and CARA								
14	CAP2+	DC/DC voltage converter. Connects a capacitor between this terminal and CAP2-terminal.								
		DC/DC voltage converter. Connects a capacitor between this terminal and CAP1-								
15	CAP1+	terminal.								
16	CAP1-	DC/DC voltage converter. Connects a capacitor between this terminal and CAP1+								
10	CAF1-	terminal.								
17	CAP3+	DC/DC voltage converter. Connects a capacitor between this terminal and CAP1-								
		terminal. DC/DC voltage convertor Connect a conscitor between this terminal and the CARI								
18	CAP5+	DC/DC voltage converter. Connect a capacitor between this terminal and the CAP1-terminal.								
	*****	DC/DC voltage converter. Connects a capacitor between this terminal and VSS or VDD								
19	VOUT	terminal.								

DEM 128064I SBH-PW-N

Product Specification

20	VSS	Ground
21	VDD	Power supply
22	D7	
23	D6	This is an 8-bit bi-directional data bus that connects to an 8-bit or 16-bit standard
24	D5	MPU data bus.
25	D4	When the serial interface (SPI-4) is selected ($P/S = L$ "):
26	D3	D7: serial data input (SI); D6: the serial clock input (SCL).
27	D2	D0 to D5 should be connected to VDD or floating.
28	D1	When the chip select is not active, D0 to D7 are set to high impedance.
29	D0	
30	/RD (E)	 When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/RD" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active. The data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L". When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "E" signal of the 6800 MPU and is HIGH-active. This is the enable clock input terminal of the 6800 Series MPU.
31	/WR (R/W)	 When connected to 8080 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "/WR" signal of the 8080 MPU and is LOW-active. The signals on the data bus are latched at the rising edge of the /WR signal. When connected to 6800 series MPU, this pin is treated as the "R/W" signal of the 6800 MPU and decides the access type: When R/W = "H": Read. When R/W = "L": Write.
32	A0	This is connected to the least significant bit of the normal MPU address bus, and it determines whether the data bits are data or a command. A0="HIGH": indicates that D0 to D7 are display data. A0=":LOW": indicates that D0 to D7 are control data.
33	/RES	When /RES is set to LOW, the settings are initialed. The reset operation is performed by the /RES signal level.
34	/CS1	This is the chip select signal for first chip. when /CS1=LOW, the chip select becomes active and the data/commands I/O is enabled
35	K	LED-
36	A	LED+

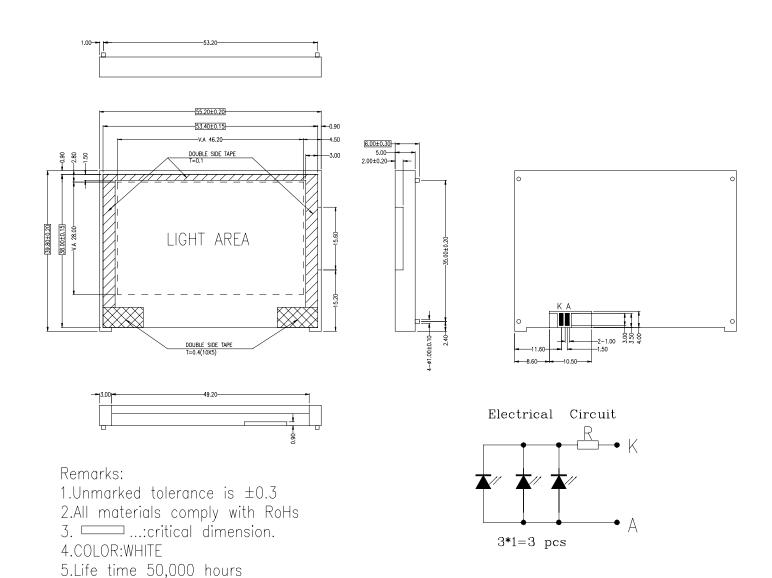
6. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	0.3 ~ 3.6	V
Power Supply Voltage (VDD standard)	VDD2	0.3 ~ 3.6	V
Power Supply Voltage (VDD standard)	V0, VOUT	0.3 ~ 14.5	V
Power Supply Voltage (VDD standard)	V1, V2, V3, V4	V0 to 0.3	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstr	-30 to +80	°C

7. BACKLIGHT ELECTRONICS/OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Electronics/Optical Specifications: (Color: White)

	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITIONS
Forward Voltage	Vf		3.1		V	
Forward Current	If		45	60	mA	$V_{f} = 3.1 V$
Power Dissipation	Pd			0.21	W	$V_f = 3.1 V$
Reverse Voltage	VR			5	V	
Reverse Current	IR			0.1	mĄ	V _r =5V
Luminous Intensity	Lv	800			cd/m	$V_{f} = 3.1 V$
Luminous Uniformity	Avg	70			%	$V_{f} = 3.1 V$
Color Chromaticity	X	0.26		0.33		fI=20mA Ta=25°C
Color Chromaticity	Y	0.26		0.33		Each chip



8. DC CHARACTERISTICS

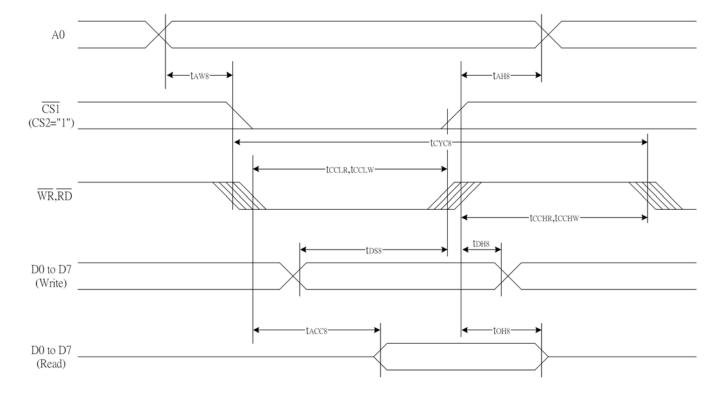
Itom	Symbol	Sta	ndard Va	Test Condition	Unit	
Item	Symbol	Symbol Min. Typ. Max.		Max.	Test Condition	Ullit
Power supply Voltage	V_{DD}	3.0	3.3	3.6		V
Operating Voltage	V_{LCD}	8.7	9.0	9.3	$V0-V_{SS}$	•
Current Consumption	I_{DD}		TBD			mA

9. AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

9.1 System bus READ/WRITE characteristics for the 8080 series MPU

 $(V_{DD}=3.3V, V_{SS}=0V)$

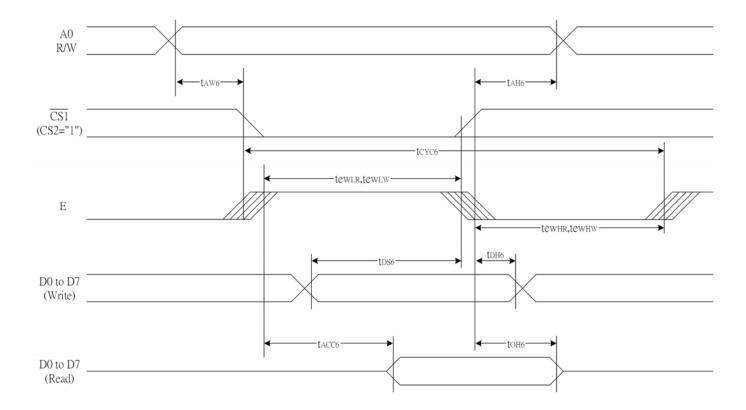
Item	Signal	Symbol	Condition	Rat	Units	
Item	Signai	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Omts
Address hold time		t_{AH8}		0		
Address setup time	A0	t_{AW8}		0		
System cycle time		$t_{\rm CYC8}$		240	_	
Enable L pulse width (WRITE)	WR	t_{CCLW}		80	_	
Enable H pulse width (WRITE)	WK	t_{CCHW}		80	_	
Enable L pulse width (READ)	RD	t_{CCLR}		140	_	ns
Enable H pulse width (READ)	KD	t_{CCHR}		80		
WRITE Data setup time		$t_{\rm DS8}$		40	_	
WRITE Address hold time	D0 to D7	t_{DH8}		0	_	
READ access time	ן ע טו טען	t _{ACC8}	CL = 100 pF		70	
READ Output disable time		t _{OH8}	CL = 100 pF	5	50	



9.2~System~bus~READ/WRITE~characteristics~for~the~6800~series~MPU

 $(V_{DD}=3.3V, V_{SS}=0V)$

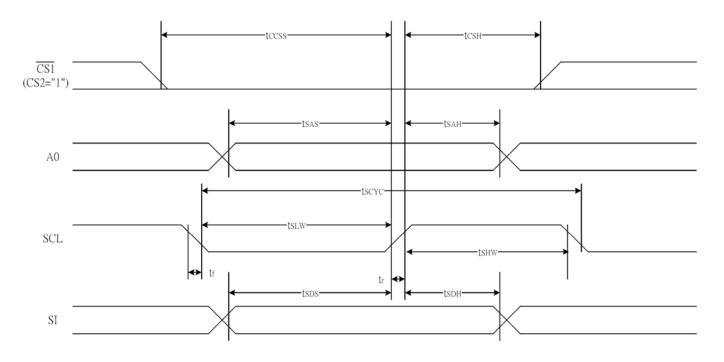
Item	Signal Symbol		Condition	Rat	Units	
Item	Signai	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Omts
Address hold time		t_{AH6}		0		
Address setup time	A0	$t_{ m AW6}$		0		
System cycle time		t_{CYC6}		240		
Enable L pulse width (WRITE)	WR	$t_{\rm EWLW}$		80	_	
Enable H pulse width (WRITE)	W K	$t_{\rm EWHW}$		80	_	
Enable L pulse width (READ)	RD	$t_{\rm EWLR}$		80	_	ns
Enable H pulse width (READ)	KD	$t_{\rm EWHR}$		140		
WRITE Data setup time		t_{DS6}		40	_	
WRITE Address hold time	D0 to D7	t _{DH6}		0	_	
READ access time	ע ווו ווע וו	t _{ACC6}	CL = 100 pF	_	70	
READ Output disable time		t _{OH6}	CL = 100 pF	5	50	



9.3 The Serial Interface

 $(V_{DD}=3.3V, V_{SS}=0V)$

Item	Cianal	Cymbol	Rat	Units		
Item	Signal	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
Serial Clock Period		t_{SCYC}		50		
SCL "H" pulse width	SCL	t_{SHW}		25	_	
SCL "L" pulse width		t_{SLW}		25	_	
Address setup time	A0	t_{SAS}		20		
Address hold time	AU	t_{SAH}		10		ns
Data setup time	SI	t_{SDS}		20		
Data hold time	31	t_{SDH}		10		
CS-SCL time	CS	t _{CSS}		20	_	
CS-SCL time	CS	t_{CSH}		40		



10. COMMAND TABLE

(Note) *: disabled data

	_											(Note) *. disabled data
Command	A0	/RD	/WR		nma D6				D2	D1	D0	Function
(1) Display ON/OFF	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	LCD display ON/OFF 0: OFF, 1: ON
(2) Display start line set	0	1	0	0	1	Di	ispla	ay st	art a	ddre	ess	Sets the display RAM display start line address
(3) Page address set	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	Pa	age a	addr	ess	Sets the display RAM page address
(4) Column address set upper bit	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	col	umn	add	cant Iress	Sets the most significant 4 bits of the display RAM column address.
Column address set lower bit	0	1	0	0	0	0	0				icant Iress	Sets the least significant 4 bits of the display RAM column address.
(5) Status read	0	0	1		St	atus		0	0	0	0	Reads the status data
(6) Display data write	1	1	0			1	Writ	e da	ata			Writes to the display RAM
(7) Display data read	1	0	1			F	Rea	d da	ata			Reads from the display RAM
(8) ADC select	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0 1	Sets the display RAM address SEG output correspondence 0: normal, 1: reverse
(9) Display normal/ reverse	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0 1	Sets the LCD display normal/ reverse 0: normal, 1: reverse
(10) Display all points ON/OFF	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0 1	Display all points 0: normal display 1: all points ON
(11) LCD bias set	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0 1	Sets the LCD drive voltage bias ratio 0: 1/9 bias, 1: 1/7 bias (ST7565P)
(12) Read/modify/write	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	Column address increment At write: +1 At read: 0
(13) End	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	Clear read/modify/write
(14) Reset	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	Internal reset
(15) Common output mode select	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0 1	*	*	*	Select COM output scan direction 0: normal direction 1: reverse direction
(16) Power control set	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1		oera ode	ting	Select internal power supply operating mode
(17) Vo voltage regulator internal resistor ratio set	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0		esist atio	or	Select internal resistor ratio(Rb/Ra) mode
(18) Electronic volume mode set Electronic volume register set	0	1	0	1 0	0		0 ctro	0 nic v		0 ne v	1 alue	Set the Vo output voltage electronic volume register
(19) Static indicator ON/OFF	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0: OFF, 1: ON
Static indicator register set				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Mode	Set the flashing mode
(20) Booster ratio set	0	1	0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1	1 0	0	ste	0 p-up ilue	select booster ratio 00: 2x,3x,4x 01: 5x 11: 6x
(21) Power saver												Display OFF and display all points ON compound command
(22) NOP	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	Command for non-operation
(23) Test	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	*	*	*	*	Command for IC test. Do not use this command

11. LCD MODULES HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, do not get any in your mouth. If the substance come into contact with your skin or clothes promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarize carefully.
- To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - -Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD module.
 - -Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.
 - -To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
 - -The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

Storage precautions

When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps. Keep the modules in bags designed to prevent static electricity charging under low temperature / normal humidity conditions (avoid high temperature / high humidity and low temperatures below 0° C). Whenever possible, the LCD modules should be stored in the same conditions in which they were shipped from our company.

12. OTHERS

- Liquid crystals solidify at low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation of liquid crystal or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subjected to a strong shock at a low temperature.
- If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. Abnormal operating status can be resumed to be normal condition by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomena does not adversely affect performance reliability.
- To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from caused by static electricity, etc. exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules :
 - Exposed area of the printed circuit board
 - Terminal electrode sections